

Appendix 1 WinBUGS code for network meta-analysis

```

# random effects model for multi-arm trials
model{
for(i in 1:ns){
  w[i,1] <- 0
  delta[i,1] <- 0
  mu[i] ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
  for (k in 1:na[i]) {
    r[i,k] ~ dbin(p[i,k],n[i,k])
    logit(p[i,k]) <- mu[i] + delta[i,k]
    rhat[i,k] <- p[i,k] * n[i,k]
    dev[i,k] <- 2 * (r[i,k] * (log(r[i,k])-log(rhat[i,k])) +
      (n[i,k]-r[i,k]) * (log(n[i,k]-r[i,k]) - log(n[i,k]-rhat[i,k])))
  }
  resdev[i] <- sum(dev[i,1:na[i]])
}
this trial
for (k in 2:na[i]) {
  delta[i,k] ~ dnorm(md[i,k],taud[i,k])
  md[i,k] <- d[t[i,k]] - d[t[i,1]] + sw[i,k]
  taud[i,k] <- tau *2*(k-1)/k
  w[i,k] <- (delta[i,k] - d[t[i,k]] + d[t[i,1]])
  sw[i,k] <- sum(w[i,1:k-1])/(k-1)
}
trials
}
totresdev <- sum(resdev[])
d[1]<- 0
treatment
for (k in 2:nt){
  d[k] ~ dnorm(0,.0001)
}
sd ~ dunif(0,5)
tau <- pow(sd,-2)

# pairwise ORs and LORs for all possible pair-wise comparisons
for (c in 1:(nt-1)){
  for (k in (c+1):nt){
    or[c,k] <- exp(d[k] - d[c])
    lor[c,k] <- (d[k]-d[c])
  }
}

# ranking on relative scale
for (k in 1:nt) {
  rk[k] <- nt+1-rank(d[],k)
  best[k] <- equals(rk[k],1)
  for (j in 1:nt) {
    effectiveness[k,j] <- equals(rk[k],j )
  }
}

for (k in 1:nt) {
  for (j in 1:nt) {
    # *** PROGRAM STARTS
    # LOOP THROUGH STUDIES
    # adjustment for multi arm trial
    # treatment effect is zero for control arm
    # vague priors for all trial baselines
    # LOOP THROUGH ARMS
    # binomial likelihood
    # model for linear predictor
    # expected value of the numerators
    # Deviance contribution
    # summed residual deviance contribution for
    # LOOP THROUGH ARMS
    # trial-specific LOR distributions
    # mean of LOR distributions
    #precision of LOR distributions
    #adjustment, multi-arm RCTs
    # cumulative adjustment for multi-arm
    #Total Residual Deviance
    # treatment effect is zero for reference
    # vague priors for treatment effects
    #calculate probability that treat k is best
  }
}

```

```
cumeffectiveness[k,j] <- sum(effectiveness[k, 1:j])
}
}

# SUCRAS
for (k in 1:nt) {
  SUCRA[k] <- sum(cumeffectiveness[k,1:(nt-1)])/(nt-1)
}
} # *** PROGRAM ENDS
```